

Workshop Physics

Exploring and Modeling the Physical World Through Direct Investigation

Workshop Physics

◆ Funding since 1986:

FIPSE
NSF

◆ Developers:

Dickinson College: Priscilla Laws, Robert Boyle,
Kenneth Laws, Hans Pfister & John Luetzelschwab
Tufts University: Ronald Thornton
University of Oregon: David Sokoloff
Millersville University: Patrick Cooney

Workshop Physics

- ◆ Calculus-based course w/ no formal lectures
- ◆ Collaborative, activity-based classroom
- ◆ Three 2-hour classes each week
- ◆ Use of a student Activity Guide
- ◆ Computer tools for data collection & analysis
- ◆ ~15% content reduction
- ◆ Retention of exams
- ◆ Textbook optional

Workshop Physics Learning Goals

- ◆ Enable students to master concepts and skills needed for further study in the natural science and engineering
- ◆ Develop an understanding of the processes of doing physics needed for learning without formal instruction
- ◆ Became familiar with computers and other contemporary research tools for data collection, analysis and modeling
- ◆ Motivate students to learn more science

Learning Sequence*

- ◆ Prediction
- ◆ Observation
- ◆ Reflection
- ◆ Formal Theory
 - theory building
 - equation derivation
 - mathematical modeling
- ◆ Application
 - equation verification experiments
 - holistic problem solving

* Adapted from D. Kolb, *Experiential Learning*

Philosophy of Computer Use

- ◆ Flexible tools to explore and model the real world through direct investigation
- ◆ Transferable computer skills
- ◆ Not used as a tutorial device
- ◆ Simulations only used if real experience is inaccessible

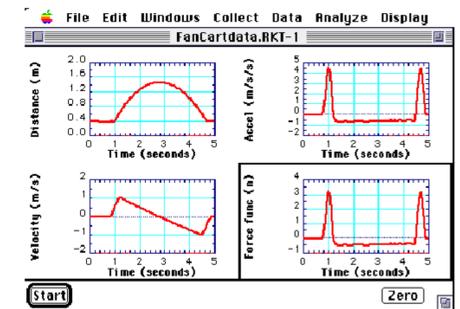
Computer Tools for Data Acquisition and Modeling

- ◆ Computer-based Lab Tools
- ◆ Video Analysis
- ◆ Spreadsheets

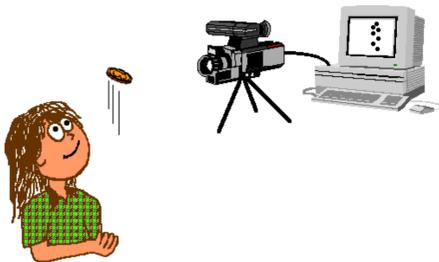
Computer Based Laboratory Tools



Data Logging w/ Real Time Graphs



Video Capture & Analysis



Using a Spreadsheet for Analytic Modeling

Accelerating Cart			a=	0.50
			v ₀ =	-1.00
			x ₀ =	0.90
x(m)			Does $x(t)=(1/2)a*t^2+v_0*t+x_0$?	
t(s)	exp	model		
0.17	0.77	0.74		
0.33	0.64	0.59		
0.50	0.52	0.46		
0.67	0.42	0.34		
0.83	0.34	0.24		
1.00	0.26	0.15		

The graph shows position x(m) on the y-axis (ranging from -0.20 to 1.40) versus time t(s) on the x-axis (ranging from 0 to 4.00). Red squares represent experimental data points, and a green curve represents the fitted model.

Analytic Mathematical Models

- ◆ Common functions describing a phenomenon that can be predicted based on direct observation or a hypothesis based on previous experience

Web address: <http://physics.dickinson.edu>

Dickinson College Department of Physics and Astronomy



New Science Building



Workshop Physics/Activity Based Physics
An introduction to Workshop Physics with sample activities and evidence supporting its effectiveness. An instructor's resource guide that contains a wealth of information for first time or veteran instructors of Workshop Physics. A library of computer software, WWW development tools and Java class libraries developed by the Workshop Physics team.