Sensitivity of Parameters in Chaotic Systems

In this GroupWork, we will explore a nonlinear system with sensitivity of parameters. First, form a group (2 to 3 person per each group) and briefly introduce each other. I strongly encourage you to form a group which is different from the last week's group.

1. Consider the following pendulum equation with a periodic external force term:

$$y'' + \frac{g}{L}\sin(y) = A\cos(\omega t)$$

where y is the angular displacement, g is acceleration due to the gravity, L is the length of the pendulum, and |A| is the magnitude, $\frac{2\pi}{\omega}$ is the period of an external force term respectively. Can you derive the equation from the Newton's second law? Try to explain to each other. (Hint: Use the figure 5.9 in the textbook page 267.)

- 2. Rewrite the second order equation as a first order system. (Hint: You may like to introduce a new variable v = y'.)
- **3.** Write a Matlab code which can visualize the solution of the above system with a given initial conditions: y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 2 over the time interval[0,100], and given parameters $g/L = A = \omega = 1$. (Hint: You may like to modify our previous code ODEsystem.m or simply use ode45 function in Matlab.)
- 4. Change the initial conditions slightly, say y'(0) = 2.001 or y'(0) = 1.999, and compare the solutions in previous cases. Discuss about the result. (Hint: You may like to use the Matlab command hold on before issue the next plot command to compare several pictures in a frame.)
- 5. Do similar experiemnt to change other system parameters and compare the results. Is any particular parameter more sensitive than others?
- 6. Change the system to an approximated linear system

$$y'' + \frac{g}{L}y = A\cos(\omega t)$$

and perform similar experiments. Discuss your simulation experiments with your group members.